

**EXHIBIT A**  
**part 2 of 2**

1 the construction field, which Mr. Totten has worked  
2 from when he left school at an early age to get into  
3 the construction trade, specifically, as a tile setter  
4 and -- and, otherwise, working in construction. He  
5 has the support of his brother, who would provide him  
6 that employment, and would be there as a mentor as  
7 well as someone in the community who can guide -- help  
8 to guide Mr. Totten. In addition, Mr. Totten's  
9 parents are there providing a home for him, and also  
10 additional guidance and support, and other family  
11 members and other community support. So, clearly, Mr.  
12 Totten would have every reason to adhere to the laws.  
13 Clearly, he's someone who has not had any history of  
14 any violation of law prior to the commitment offense,  
15 nor since the commitment offense, and --

16 SIDE 2

17 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BENTLEY: OK. This is the  
18 second side of the tape in the subsequent parole  
19 consideration hearing for Inmate Totten, Anthony, CDC  
20 number H-21049.

21 ATTORNEY HALL: Clearly, Mr. Totten has shown  
22 remorse and expressed, again, today his deep and  
23 sincere remorse for having committed this crime, that  
24 he is looking forward to being out in the community  
25 where he can continue to abide by the rules of  
26 society. Again, having grown up in a stable family  
27 life, having left school early to work in the tile

1 trade with his father, and working in the union, he,  
2 certainly, can return to work in this field and,  
3 again, join the union and continue to work  
4 productively. We believe that given all the  
5 accomplishments of Mr. Totten in, clearly,  
6 demonstrating that he has matured over the years, and  
7 at his present age of 48 years old where most  
8 psychologists opined that at this age, the risk of  
9 recidivism, certainly, has decreased substantially, we  
10 believe that Mr. Totten continues to demonstrate that  
11 he can continue to obey the rules, and for those  
12 reasons, we would ask that parole be granted at this  
13 time.

14 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER BRYSON: All right.  
15 Thank you, counselor. All right. Sir, I'd like to  
16 give you the opportunity to make a statement to this  
17 panel regarding your suitability for parole.

18 INMATE TOTTEN: Well, I think I've demonstrated  
19 over the past 15 years that I can follow the law, and  
20 I, like I said, I was out on bail during the -- before  
21 and after my conviction, and I did turn myself in so  
22 that showed responsibility and remorse by turning  
23 myself in, and I've -- I'm -- I'm really sorry that  
24 this happened, and I apologize to the district  
25 attorney in Orange County, and my family, and Janet  
26 and the kids for what I've put 'em through.

27 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER BRYSON: OK. Thank you

1 for your remarks. We'll now recess for deliberation.

2 The time is 12:10.

3 R E C E S S

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## 1 CALIFORNIA BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

## 2 D E C I S I O N

3 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BENTLEY: All right. We've  
4 reconvened for the decision in the matter of Anthony  
5 Totten, and the time is 12:50. Everyone who was has -  
6 - was prior in the room has returned. Sir, the panel  
7 reviewed all the information received from the Public  
8 and from you, and relied on the following  
9 circumstances in concluding that you are not suitable  
10 for parole and would pose an unreasonable risk of  
11 danger to society or a threat to public safety if  
12 released from prison. The offense was carried out in  
13 an especially cruel and callous manner in that after  
14 seven years of marriage, and your wife had left you,  
15 and was suing for divorce. She was particularly  
16 vulnerable in that, as you knew, she was en route to a  
17 doctor's appointment for her five-months pregnancy.  
18 You wanted her to have an abortion. She was under  
19 great stress from prior incidents with you and she was  
20 unarmed. Your wife had suffered repeated harassment  
21 and death threats from you. Multiple police reports  
22 exist testifying to that, and she obtained a  
23 restraining order on October 26th of 1990. The  
24 offense was carried out in a dispassionate and  
25 calculated manner intended to be an execution style  
26 murder. You took a loaded, bold action rifle

1 disguised as a gift to intercept her at Kaiser  
2 Permanente Hospital getting her into the vehicle under  
3 the pretext of holding a doll swing for her daughter's  
4 birthday. You took out the rifle to murder her, but  
5 she saw the gun and struggled to disarm you. The  
6 weapon discharged inside the van hitting you in the  
7 leg and the victim fled the vehicle. You have no  
8 prior record. You have today been very forthcoming as  
9 to your poly substance abuse including marijuana and  
10 methamphetamine at the time of the commitment offense.  
11 As to your institutional behavior, you have performed  
12 commendably in programming. You are currently working  
13 as a machine operator and you -- as by your own  
14 testimony, you work overtime 40 to 50 hours a week.  
15 Your work reports have all been above average to  
16 exceptional. You did receive a G.E.D. in '93, and  
17 you also achieved the certification in landscaping so  
18 you clearly, have marketable skills. You have been  
19 consistent since 1997 with AA and NA, which is very  
20 important, and you're to be commended for doing that.  
21 You've also taken several other courses including AIDS  
22 prevention and hepatitis prevention, and you have  
23 numerous laudatory chronos for your conduct and for  
24 your work here. As to the misconduct in prison, you  
25 have zero 115s, and that's very rare. We really  
26 rarely see that. You have two 128As, the last in '95

1 for unauthorized use of the phones. So you've now --  
2 you've been displaying continuous positive behavior in  
3 prison. As to the psychological report dated November  
4 19th, 2003, by Doctor Talbot, the report does not --  
5 is not totally supportive of release. As to your  
6 parole plans, you did present today viable residence  
7 plans in California, that is with your parents, and  
8 acceptable employment plans with your brother's  
9 construction company, and, clearly, your background in  
10 tile work and landscaping more than qualifies you to -  
11 - to have marketable skills in those areas. As to  
12 Penal Code 3042 responses, responses indicate  
13 opposition to finding of parole suitability  
14 specifically by the district attorney Of Orange  
15 County. In a separate decision, the hearing panel  
16 finds it's not reasonable to expect that parole would  
17 be granted at a hearing during the following two  
18 years. Specific reasons for this finding are as  
19 follows: The offense was carried out in an especially  
20 cruel and callous manner in that after seven years of  
21 marriage, while you were having an affair, your wife  
22 had left you and was suing for divorce. You were  
23 particularly vulnerable -- the victim was particularly  
24 vulnerable in that, as you knew, she was en route to a  
25 doctor's appointment for her five-months pregnancy.  
26 You wanted her to have an abortion. She was under

1 great stress from prior incidents with you and she was  
2 unarmed. She had suffered repeated harassment and  
3 death threats from you, multiple police reports attest  
4 to that, and she obtained a restraining order on  
5 October 26th, 1990. The offense was carried out in a  
6 dispassionate and calculated manner intended to be an  
7 execution style murder. You took a loaded bold action  
8 rifle disguised as a gift to intercept her at Kaiser  
9 Permanente Hospital getting her into the vehicle under  
10 the pretext of holding a doll swing for their -- for  
11 your daughter's birthday. You took out the rifle to  
12 murder to her, but she saw the gun and struggled to  
13 disarm you. The weapon discharged inside the vehicle  
14 hitting you on the leg and she fled the vehicle. You  
15 grabbed her arm and hit her head. Breaking free, she  
16 ran around you, heard the gun cock and a shell eject,  
17 and then she fell to the ground and was hit in the  
18 head. You then kicked her body with your foot and  
19 fled. The offense was carried out in a manner  
20 demonstrating exceptionally callous disregard for  
21 human suffering. You had no regard for your wife or  
22 children's welfare or safety, nor for public safety,  
23 and you had clear opportunities to cease, but you  
24 continued. Sir, the motive for this crime is  
25 inexplicable. As a result of the injuries, the victim  
26 lost hearing in one ear, suffered a broken jaw that



1 had to remain wired for one and a half months and, to  
2 this day, has permanent damage. Sir, this was a grave  
3 offense. It's amazing your wife didn't die. The  
4 panel believes you're still in denial about the  
5 causative factors in the relationship with you and  
6 your wife, and perhaps other relationships that led to  
7 the commitment offense, therefore, you remain  
8 unpredictable and a threat to public safety. In  
9 denying you parole for two years, we're placing you on  
10 the 2008 calendar for your next subsequent hearing.  
11 The board recommends that you get self help, and we're  
12 specifically recommending anger management because,  
13 primarily, we're hoping that will give you some  
14 insight into your -- your background and what led up  
15 to this -- this crime, and that you stay discipline  
16 free and earn positive chronos, and we're also  
17 ordering a new psychological evaluation per BPT  
18 1000A. Commissioner, do you have anything to add at  
19 this time?

20 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER BRYSON: No.

21 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BENTLEY: All right. I wish  
22 you good luck, sir.

23 INMATE TOTTEN: All right. Thank you.

24 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BENTLEY: Uh huh.

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27 ANTHONY TOTTEN H-21049 DECISION PAGE 5 8/3/06

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23 PAROLE DENIED TWO YEARS

24 THIS DECISION WILL BE FINAL ON: DEC 01 2006

25 YOU WILL BE PROMPTLY NOTIFIED IF, PRIOR TO THAT  
26 DATE, THE DECISION IS MODIFIED.

27 ANTHONY TOTTEN H-21049 DECISION PAGE 6 8/3/06

CERTIFICATE AND DECLARATION  
OF TRANSCRIBER

I, TAMA BRISBANE, the owner of House of Scribes, have designated KENDRA ROSE, a duly designated transcriber with House of Scribes residing in the State of California, to prepare the foregoing transcript. With my signature I do hereby declare and certify, under penalty of perjury, that I have directed her to transcribe tape(s) that total 1 in number and cover a total of 50 pages. The recording was duly recorded at CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY, and the foregoing pages constitute a true, complete and accurate transcription of the aforementioned tape to the best of her ability.

I hereby certify that House of Scribes and its designated transcribers are disinterested parties in the above-captioned matter and have no interest in the outcome of the proceeding.

Dated November 12, 2006 in Stockton,  
California.

Tama Brisbane

Owner, House of Scribes

**EXHIBIT "2"**

ORANGE COUNTY  
PROBATION DEPARTMENT*Notification  
copy*

CENTRAL SUPERIOR COURT, Dept. 35 Time

Defendant's Full Name: TOTTEN, Anthony Lee

P &amp; S Date: 1/3/92

AKA:

Address: 23422 Caminito Telmo  
Laguna Hills, CA 92683

C-82571

A-200544

Present Whereabouts: Bail

DPO: Bruce R. Carel/ds/jf

Telephone: 859-9515

Attorney: Leonard McBride

**COURT STATUS**

Present Offense 664/187 PC, plus Arresting Agency HBPB  
1203.06(a)(1), 12022.5(a) & 12022.7 PC. Date of Offense 10/30/90 Date of Arrest 10/31/90  
 Inf./Conv. Filed 12/6/90 Guilty by Jury trial Date 12/3/91  
 Days in Custody 41 Codefendants None

**DESCRIPTION**

Age 33 (Ver BC) DOB 7/3/58 POB Santa Monica, CA Ethnic Background Cauc Sex Male  
 Height 5-11 Weight 190 Hair Brown Eyes Blue Complexion Fair  
 Identifying Marks No Social Security No. 557-37-6531  
 Date of Arrival in California Birth Date of Arrival in Orange County 1958  
 FBI 558215MA2 CH A09599685 OCSO 753 780 Operator's License N5065193  
 Expiration Date 1994

**PRIOR PROBATION GRANTS** **PRIOR PAROLE GRANTS**

Year	None	County	Term	Year	None	State	Term

**EMPLOYMENT HISTORY**

(Ver paystubs)  
~~xxxx~~ Present Employer Superior Tile Address  City Pomona  
 Date Began 12/4/91 Date Terminated Present Reason N/A  
 Type of Work Tile setter Work Phone Unk Salary \$20 Hr.  
 Previous Employment:

Dates		Employer	Type	Salary	Reason Terminated
From	To				
1979	1984	Bayshore Tile	Helper	\$2,800 Mo	Lack of work
1984	1990	Continental Tile	Tile Setter	\$3,600 Mo	" "
5/90	10/90	Mike Leweki	" "	\$20 Hr.	" "

**MARITAL HISTORY**

Present Spouse	Home Address	DOB	Date & Place of Marriage	Status
Denies				

Occupation  Employment Address

Children	Address	DOB	Sex	Other Parent
Melissa Totten	Unknown	10/31/85	F	Janet Totten
Eric Totten	"	9/3/89	M	" "
Lucas Totten	"	2/12/91	M	" "

Previous Marriages	Address	Date Married	Terminated
Janet Totten	Unknown	2/9/85	10/90
			"Status unsure"

CONFIDENTIAL

Per Sec. 11142 P.C. The Furnishing of this Report, or Information Contained within to an Unauthorized Person is misdemeanor.

PRE SENTENCE REPORT

## FAMILY DATA

Adoptive Father Jason Totten Age 53 DOB 3/2/37 POB Boise, ID  
 Address 23422 Caminito Telmo Telephone 859-9515 Ethnic Background Cauc  
 Occupation Tile Setter Laguna Hills Religion Baptist  
 Marriage Date 4/23/59 Status Intact

Mother Gana Totten Age 50 DOB 4/16/40 POB Denver, CO  
 Address As above Telephone \_\_\_\_\_ Ethnic Background Cauc  
 Occupation Senior Citizen Supervisor Religion Baptist  
 Other Marriages: Father

Name	Dates	Status of Marriage	Date of Termination
Other Marriages: Mother			
Name	Dates	Status of Marriage	Date of Termination
Gary Zinn (Natural father)	Unk	Divorced	1959

Brothers & Sisters	Age	Address				Occupation
		No.	Street	City	State	
Kip Kibler	34	103 1/2	Hoskins,	Huntington Beach	Florist	
Perry Totten	31		Cortland,	Rancho Cucamonga	Asphalt	
Jamie Totten	29	1580	Santiago,	Corona	R.D.A.	

Former Residences	Dates	
	From	To
Los Angeles, Riverside or Orange Counties	Birth	Present

EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND  
 Highest grade completed 11th Where Irvine University H.S. Degrees held None

MILITARY RECORD  
 Branch N/A Dates of Service \_\_\_\_\_ Service No. \_\_\_\_\_  
 Highest rate or rank \_\_\_\_\_ Type of Discharge \_\_\_\_\_ Job Classification \_\_\_\_\_  
 Duty Assignments \_\_\_\_\_ Honors & Benefits \_\_\_\_\_

## PERSONAL INFORMATION

Health Good Health Problems None Organizations—Religion Baptist  
Local #11, Tile & Marble Finishers

## Hobbies and Interests

Fishing, music, sports.

Habits  
 Tobacco: 1/2 pack cigarettes daily  
 Liquor: 4-5 times yearly  
 Drugs: Denies present use; previously used methamphetamine (nasally).

Vehicle License No. Denies Firearms owned / possessed: Denies

Type \_\_\_\_\_  
 Color \_\_\_\_\_  
 Year \_\_\_\_\_

Additional Data:

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COURT STATUS

On December 6, 1990, an Information was filed in the Superior Court of Orange County, charging the defendant, Anthony Lee Totten, with one count of violation of Section 664/187 of the Penal Code (Attempted Murder). It was further alleged the defendant had personally used a firearm in the commission of the offense, within the meaning of Penal Code Sections 1203.06(a)(1) and 12022.5(a). Additionally, it was alleged that in the commission of the offense, the defendant had intentionally inflicted great bodily injury, within the meaning of Penal Code Section 12022.7.

On December 3, 1991, following jury trial, the defendant was found guilty as charged and true findings were made as to the additional allegations. The matter was continued to January 3, 1992, in Department 35 of Orange County Superior Court, for a probation and sentencing hearing and the Probation Department was ordered to prepare a court report for that hearing.

CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE OFFENSE

As the Court has heard testimony concerning this case, the following will be a relatively brief review of the facts of the offense.

According to records of the Huntington Beach Police Department (case #90-28711), on October 30, 1990, at approximately 10:32 a.m., a report was received indicating a woman had been shot in the head in front of the Kaiser Permanente Medical Facility at 18081 Beach Boulevard. Numerous officers converged on the scene and learned the victim was 29-year-old Janet C. Totten. She was found to be bleeding heavily from a head wound but was conscious and identified her

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1 assailant as her husband, the defendant, Anthony Lee Totten. She was  
2 rushed by helicopter to Hoag Memorial Hospital in Newport Beach, where  
3 she was later interviewed by detectives. Several witnesses at the  
4 scene of the offense described having seen Mrs. Totten running in front  
5 of the medical center, pursued on foot by the defendant, who was armed  
6 with a rifle. They indicated he fired one shot from the rifle,  
7 striking the victim in the head and knocking her to the ground. He  
8 then fled on foot from the location. Numerous officers unsuccessfully  
9 searched for him in the surrounding area.

10 Mrs. Totten was interviewed in Hoag Hospital and said she had  
11 just left Kaiser Permanente after a doctor's appointment (she was  
12 pregnant at the time), when she observed her estranged husband standing  
13 in front of the facility holding a white box. ~~She pointed out she had~~  
14 ~~recently obtained a temporary restraining order against him because of~~  
15 ~~problems they had had concerning child visitation arrangements.~~ She  
16 said she began walking toward her vehicle, which was parked in a nearby  
17 lot, and her husband approached her and said the box he was holding was  
18 a present for their five-year-old daughter. She indicated he began  
19 talking to her about their relationship and asked her to give him a  
20 ride to his vehicle, which was parked behind the medical center. He  
21 placed the box on the back seat of her car and while the two of them  
22 were seated in the vehicle, he continued talking about their  
23 relationship. He reportedly became extremely upset and retrieved the  
24 white box. She stated she saw him removing a rifle from the box and  
25 became fearful he intended to kill her. ~~She indicated they struggled~~  
26 ~~over the weapon (it was later learned the rifle was discharged twice~~  
27 ~~the car and one of the bullets entered and exited the defendant's leg)~~  
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1 while she honked the horn of the car, screaming for help. She stated  
2 she was able to open her car door and ran toward the medical center.  
3 She indicated she saw her husband pursuing her with the weapon and  
4 heard him yell that he was going to kill her. She said he eventually  
5 caught up to her and shot her in the back of the head. Mrs. Totten  
6 said she had been threatened with death the preceding week by her  
7 husband because of problems they were having, but did not really think  
8 he would make good in his threats.

9 It was later learned the defendant had purchased the rifle in  
10 question on October 27, 1990. The rifle was later located in a trash  
11 dumpster near the scene of the offense. The defendant's truck was  
12 found parked in the lot of the medical center. An athletic sock,  
13 located in the defendant's vehicle, was found to contain seven .22-cal  
14 long rifle rounds. An unexpended .22-cal. long rifle round was found  
15 on the ground near the location of the victim.

16 ~~On October 31, 1991, the defendant, accompanied by his~~  
17 ~~attorney, John G. Hendry, turned himself in at the Garden Grove Police~~  
18 ~~Department.~~ He was transported to Garden Grove Hospital for treatment  
19 of a flesh wound to his right leg. A detective from the Huntington  
20 Beach Police Department was summoned to the hospital and learned Mr.  
21 Totten would not make a statement at that time, on advice of his  
22 attorney. He was taken into custody and was transported to the  
23 Huntington Beach Police Department for routine booking.

#### 24 VICTIM'S STATEMENT

25 The victim of this case, Janet C. Totten, was personally  
26 interviewed at the Probation Department on December 20, 1991. During  
27 that interview, she was advised of the date and location of today's  
28

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1 sentencing hearing and of her right to be present before the  
2 defendant's sentencing if she desired.

3 Mrs. Totten said that she had been acquainted with the  
4 defendant for approximately two years before their marriage on  
5 February 9, 1985. She said that they separated in either February or  
6 March of 1990, and she acknowledged being aware he was romantically  
7 involved with another woman. She stated that she felt it was important  
8 for the Court to understand that there were a number of episodes  
9 previously reported to the police which involved violence or threats on  
10 her husband's behalf prior to the commission of the present offense.  
11 She provided the probation officer with a copy of an Orange County  
12 Department of Social Services court report dated November 28, 1990  
13 (concerning the status of the three children the defendant has had by  
14 his relationship with Mrs. Totten), and she indicated that five prior  
15 police incidents were accurately portrayed in that report. It is note  
16 all five of the incidents were reported to the Westminster Police  
17 Department. The first incident (case #90-0812) was reported on  
18 February 19, 1990. On that occasion, Mrs. Totten called the  
19 Westminster Police Department because the defendant, from whom she was  
20 separated at the time, was harassing her about picking up some tax  
21 documents at her home. The responding police officer arranged for  
22 Mrs. Totten to give the documents to the defendant and reportedly  
23 advised him that in any future attempt to contact his wife, he should  
24 contact the Westminster Police Department first "in order to keep the  
25 peace". The second report (case #90-5284) indicates that on May 12,  
26 1990, Mrs. Totten called to report that on that date her estranged  
27 husband had come to her house to visit their children and began arguir  
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1 with her and yelling profanities at her. She acknowledged that she  
2 threw a glass of Coca Cola into his face after becoming angry and he  
3 threatened to call the police; she consequently went to get a  
4 telephone. She was told by the defendant not to touch the telephone  
5 and after she reportedly pushed him (the victim told the probation  
6 officer she did not actually push her husband but, rather, tried to  
7 walk past him), he punched her in the mouth, knocking her to the  
8 ground, breaking one of her front teeth. The third report (case #90-  
9 2314) was filed on July 12, 1990. On that occasion, Mrs. Totten had  
10 returned to the dwelling where she resided and noticed that all the  
11 windows were open and the lights were out. As she felt those  
12 circumstances were suspicious, she reported the matter to the  
13 Westminster Police Department, but no further assistance was required.  
14 On the fourth occasion, a report (case #IR1755) was filed on October  
15 23, 1990. Mrs. Totten reported that her estranged husband had just  
16 left the dwelling after vandalizing their car. Officers discovered the  
17 right front tire of the vehicle had been cut and that a windshield  
18 wiper control lever was broken off at the steering column. Mrs. Totten  
19 reportedly told investigating officers that the defendant had just  
20 spent five days at the University of California at Irvine Medical  
21 Center "for counseling regarding his unstable mental condition."  
22 Officers referred her to Superior Court to obtain a restraining order.  
23 The last report (case #90-0739) was made on October 24, 1990.  
24 Mrs. Totten reportedly indicated that the defendant had telephoned her  
25 and threatened to kill her and had driven by her dwelling two times,  
26 stopping each time for several seconds. The victim of this case  
27 subsequently obtained a restraining order on October 26, 1990, which  
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1 specified that the defendant was to stay 100 yards away from Mrs.  
2 Totten, their two children and Mrs. Totten's mother. The order further  
3 indicated that child visitation was to be monitored by the defendant's  
4 parents or grandmother.

5 During her interview at the Probation Department, Mrs. Totten  
6 stated that, in addition to the five official reports listed above,  
7 there had been numerous occasions when the defendant had threatened her  
8 and her mother with injury or death.

9 As to the present offense, Mrs. Totten offered the following  
10 information. On the day she was shot, she had an appointment with a  
11 doctor at Kaiser Permanente Hospital in Huntington Beach concerning her  
12 pregnancy. As she was leaving the doctor's appointment, she was  
13 approaching her car when she initially saw the defendant as he ran up  
14 to her, holding a long white box. She acknowledged being frightened  
15 and said that the defendant told her the contents of the box consisted  
16 of a present for their oldest daughter. She said that he asked her if  
17 she intended to report him as being in violation of the temporary  
18 restraining order and then asked if he could put the "gift" in the back  
19 seat of her car. She allowed him to do so and he then asked her to  
20 give him a ride to the back of the medical facility where he was  
21 reportedly working. She pointed out that he was wearing his typical  
22 work clothes and had a measuring tape on his belt, so she assumed what  
23 he said was true. She also indicated that while there were many  
24 occasions when he was very much out of personal control, he seemed to  
25 be calm on this particular occasion, therefore, she agreed to give him  
26 a ride. Mrs. Totten said that as she was backing up in her vehicle,  
27 she turned to ask him where he wanted to be driven and saw that he had  
28 pulled out a gun. She said that he stated "I have a gun" and told her

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1 to begin to drive. She said she replied "No, you can't do this, Tony"  
2 and tried to push the gun away from herself. She acknowledged that  
3 they began struggling and then "It got crazy." Mrs. Totten said that  
4 she did not see her husband operate the bolt on the rifle, nor did she  
5 hear any gunshots. She also denied smelling the odor of gun powder and  
6 said that she assumes that she did not make any of those perceptions as  
7 she was so preoccupied trying to get out of her vehicle. She said she  
8 was ultimately able to open her driver's side door during the struggle  
9 but that the defendant continued to reach over and pull her by the  
10 right arm back into the car. She indicated that she was finally able  
11 to exit the vehicle and began running. She looked over her shoulder  
12 and saw that he had exited the passenger side and had the rifle in his  
13 hands. She kept on running and as she approached the curb near the  
14 medical facility, the defendant headed her off, and while he was  
15 approximately one foot away from her, she saw him cock the rifle and  
16 saw what appeared to be a shell flying away from the weapon. She  
17 continued to run and then felt something hit her in the back of the  
18 head, thinking at first she had been struck by the butt of the rifle.  
19 She indicated "I never thought he would shoot me". Mrs. Totten said  
20 that she believes she instantly fell and, although she thought she fell  
21 either backwards or to the side, she suffered facial injuries  
22 consistent with having fallen forward. She said she felt that she was  
23 initially unconscious for what seemed to be a long time but, according  
24 to witnesses' testimony in the case, she was evidently only unconscious  
25 for a short period of time. She said that she cannot recall having  
26 been nudged by the defendant's foot, as claimed by one witness. She  
27 recalled placing her hand on the back of her head and seeing that she  
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1 was bleeding profusely. She said that she believes that she again was  
2 rendered unconscious because her next perception was seeing a nurse  
3 standing over her, administering aid. She said that she believes she  
4 then went "in and out" of consciousness as her next perceptions were  
5 that numerous medical practitioners were standing nearby.

6 The victim was asked to describe the nature of her injuries.  
7 She said she suffered a gunshot wound to the left rear of her head and  
8 that the projectile entered her left ear canal, totally destroying her  
9 hearing on that side. The bullet then traveled through her left lower  
10 jaw and ultimately shattered against her left cheekbone. She was flown  
11 by helicopter to Hoag Hospital for emergency treatment (in Newport  
12 Beach), but was later that date returned to Kaiser Permanente Hospital  
13 where she remained over the next three days. She was discharged from  
14 the hospital on the Thursday following the shooting, but had to return  
15 that evening as she began suffering abdominal contractions and her  
16 obstetrician felt she should be monitored, at least overnight. She was  
17 released the following morning. She pointed out that she has undergone  
18 two surgeries on her left ear and one on her jaw. Following the jaw  
19 surgery, her mouth was wired shut and consequently she was on a liquid  
20 diet which ultimately caused her to lose 15 lbs. She pointed out,  
21 however, that the child she was carrying at the time of the shooting  
22 was born without any type of handicaps. Mrs. Totten stated that she  
23 remains in medical treatment at this time and will hopefully not have  
24 to have any other surgery. She has completely lost the hearing of her  
25 left ear and has a permanent restriction of the jaw movement, as well  
26 as apparent permanent loss of feeling on her upper left teeth. While  
27  
28



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1 she suffered temporary dizziness because of her injuries, she indicated  
2 she no longer suffers from that problem.

3 The victim said that Kaiser Permanente Insurance Co. covered  
4 all of her medical expenses. She pointed out that her emergency bill  
5 from Hoag Hospital for one afternoon of treatment came to \$9,000, but  
6 that was completely paid by Kaiser. She stated she has no idea how  
7 much her total medical treatment cost. She also indicated that she  
8 missed five months of work because of her injuries, but since she had  
9 disability coverage and also received assistance from her mother, other  
10 family members and the Victim Witness Fund, she did not have any  
11 significant financial losses.

12 The victim was asked to comment concerning what she felt to  
13 be an appropriate sentence in this case. She offered the following  
14 statement:

15 "I think Tony should go to prison for as long as  
16 possible. He doesn't care what he does or who he  
17 hurts. He thinks he should be allowed to do anything  
18 he wants and get away with it. I remain fearful of  
19 him. He'll do it again. If he gets like a slap on  
20 the hand it's like giving him permission to go out  
21 and buy a gun and do it again. He has no remorse for  
22 what he has done. It's like a big joke. My brother,  
23 Tim, saw him laughing and joking with his mother and  
24 girlfriend right after he was found guilty. He has  
25 been found guilty of something and he should serve a  
26 sentence. I've been in hiding for over a year  
27 because he's been out of custody."

28 Mrs. Totten pointed out that during the past year, she has moved  
residences on four separate occasions to prevent the defendant from  
finding where she is residing. She reiterated her strong belief that  
the defendant should be imprisoned because of his actions in the  
present offense.

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DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT

The defendant offered a written statement which he delivered to the probation officer by fax transmittal. His statement is included in its entirety for the Court's consideration:

"Janet and I had been separated off and on since February of 1990.

"In July, 1990 I went into U.C.I. Medical Center for depression. I felt abandoned by everyone., my feelings were confused at that time, about all phases of my life. I felt I couldn't make a decision on anything. My fear while I was at U.C.I. was that later my wife would use my hospitalization against me. Janet was unwilling to take part in my recovery, but wanted to continue our relationship.

"In August Janet moved in with me at Executive Suites Motel for six weeks, thats then I found out that Janet was 4 months pregnancy. I felt a termination of the pregnancy would be best, she would not hear of it. Janet knew I was seeing someone off and on for the past 1 1/2 years prior to this.

"In October I had made the decision to file for divorce. The 25th and 26th of October we went into Mediation, and Janet checked every box on the sheet of paper and told them about my hospitalization. They set up monitered visitation with my children. I was seeing my children on Tuesday and Thursdays for approx. 6 months. I felt monitered visitation was Janet's way of getting back at me for filing for divorce and because she did not want me to take the children around my girl friend.

"Saturday the 27th, Janet called my mom and told her I could see my kids Sunday without being monitered. She said it was alright if I took them to the park. The order states I could see my kids from 9:00 to 5:00, I only got to see them from 10:00 until 3:00. I hadn't done anything to my children to be treated this way.

"Tuesday the 30th of October I knew Janet had a Dr's appointment at Kaiser, because I had been to her previous appointments with her. I went to talk to her about the monitered visitations. When I told her I had a gun, she started leaning on the horn. I grabbed her arm, she reached over the seat and grabbed the gun and fired 2 shots, which hit me in the leg. Janet got out of the car and ran. I



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1 followed behind her and the gun went off. I ran and  
2 threw the gun in the trash, I was scared and  
3 confused. I went to the shopping center where I  
4 called my girlfriend. I called my attorney and  
5 turned myself in the next day. If I could take back  
6 that day I would. It was a domestic quarrel that got  
7 out of control. My intent was not to harm Janet. I  
8 feel bad for what happen."

9 As to a potential disposition in this case, the defendant  
10 offered the following written statement concerning the present offense

11 "I feel that incarceration would have psychological  
12 hardship on my children and family as well as myself.  
13 No more than 2 years jail time and probation, this  
14 was an isolated incident. I was emotionally upset, I  
15 over reacted on Tuesday. I know I make a serious  
16 mistake. If given the chance I can prove that I am a  
17 self productive individual who is ready, able willing  
18 to do my part to make things better. I'm also  
19 willing to do community service. I would like to  
20 start my own business, so I can take care of my  
21 children, and I can't do that by sitting in prison.  
22 I will abide by all the rules and regulations the  
23 probation office puts on me. I will pay any  
24 restitution the court orders me to pay.

25 "I am attending 3 types of counseling and have been  
26 doing so for about a year.  
27 Parents Annonomys  
28 Family Services  
Parenting Classes"

1 The defendant was personally interviewed at the Probation  
2 Department on December 23, 1991. At that time, he offered additional  
3 verbal statements concerning the written statement he had previously  
4 submitted to the probation officer by fax transmittal. As to his pri  
5 hospitalization at the University of California at Irvine Medical  
6 Center, he indicated that it was a voluntary admission and that he  
7 spent six days in the hospital because he was experiencing suicidal  
8 ideation. When he was later released he was initially taking  
9 prescribed Tofinal, but he is not taking any type of medication at  
10 present. The defendant said that, as to his relationship with the

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1 victim, they had been living apart for quite some time due to  
2 relationship difficulties and she was well aware he was seeing Georgia  
3 Quill. He acknowledged that during a sexual contact he had with his  
4 wife, however, she became impregnated and he explained that in August,  
5 1990 when he found out she was four months pregnant, he suggested she  
6 have an abortion due to the problems they were experiencing. She  
7 declined to have an abortion, however, and apparently she had the  
8 backing of her family members in that position. The defendant  
9 explained that on October 27, 1990, Janet curtailed his visitation  
10 hours with his children and told him, "That was the way it was going to  
11 be." He said that an apparent conflict with her schedule prompted her  
12 to shorten the visitation and he acknowledged being upset by that. On  
13 the day of the shooting, the defendant, in fact, brought a gun to the  
14 Kaiser Permanente Facility and when the probation officer asked him why  
15 he had done so, he replied, "I brought the gun there for myself. I was  
16 seeking sympathy. I couldn't understand why I couldn't see my kids."  
17 The defendant said that when the victim realized he had a gun in her  
18 car she started honking the horn and he grabbed her arm to ask her why  
19 she was doing that. The defendant maintained that the victim herself  
20 initiated the shooting incident by grabbing the gun and firing it twice  
21 in the vehicle striking him in the leg once. He said that during his  
22 trial, she testified that she had prior experience firing bolt action  
23 .22-cal. rifles, both during her first marriage and as a teenager. The  
24 defendant acknowledged he was initially unaware he was shot (he did not  
25 discover he had been injured until he arrived at the laundromat where  
26 he hid for 45 minutes after the shooting), but he said that he ran  
27 after Janet after the two shots were fired in his car to ask her why  
28

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1 she had done that. The defendant claimed that when his gun discharged,  
2 it did so accidentally, apparently striking the victim in the back of  
3 the head. He denied that he was aware she had been shot and felt that  
4 she had simply fallen to the ground. The defendant was asked to  
5 elaborate upon his reasons for bringing the gun to the location of the  
6 shooting to begin with and he stated that he had suicidal intentions at  
7 that time.

8 As to a disposition in the case, the defendant said that he  
9 would like to qualify for probation and no more than two years in  
10 Orange County Jail. He said that the thought of going to prison is  
11 "scary" and he said that he is needed in the community to support his  
12 children. The defendant maintained that he feels he did not get a fair  
13 trial and as to the victim, "She didn't get nothing." He was asked to  
14 explain that comment and he said that since she shot him, he feels she  
15 should have been charged with something. He acknowledged it was wrong  
16 to bring his gun to the scene of the confrontation and wrong to have  
17 hurt Janet, but he again maintained that she initiated the shooting and  
18 when she was struck in the head, it occurred accidentally.

19 STATEMENT OF REFERENCES AND INTERESTED PARTIES

20 On December 19, 1991, letters were forwarded to Detective  
21 Mason and Detective Howell of the Huntington Beach Police Department  
22 soliciting any input they cared to share for consideration in the  
23 current report. As of the date of the dictation of the report  
24 (December 23, 1991) the only response received was from Detective  
25 Howell. He indicated that he had not personally met the defendant  
26 during the investigation of the offense, but that his review of the  
27 various police documents and evidence showed that the defendant, in hi  
28

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1 opinion, "orchestrated a plan to murder his wife." He pointed out that  
2 the defendant was "lying in wait" and that, "This was certainly no heat  
3 of passion situation." He said that subsequent to the victim having  
4 been shot, the defendant had the opportunity to "drag her into the  
5 hospital" for treatment, but he did not do so. He also pointed out  
6 that it appears the defendant later hid in a laundromat after the  
7 offense and watched members of the Huntington Beach Police Department  
8 searching for him. As to a disposition in this matter, Detective  
9 Howell said, "poor marksmanship is no reason to give someone  
10 probation."

11 On December 17, 1991, letters were forwarded to the  
12 defendant's defense attorney and to Deputy District Attorney Cheryl  
13 DeCant. A subsequent response was received from Deputy District  
14 Attorney DeCant. She said that it appeared the defendant had been  
15 "very controlling" of the victim during their marriage and had a  
16 history of involvement in violent or threatening acts against her. She  
17 pointed out that several prior police reports document the defendant's  
18 violent nature and they chronicle his campaign of threats and  
19 harassment. She pointed out that on several days prior to the offense  
20 the defendant made repeated telephone calls and/or personal threats  
21 where he told Mrs. Totten she would be killed. She indicated that  
22 during her involvement in this case, she had received information that  
23 the defendant had been trying to obtain an untraceable gun from a  
24 methamphetamine "dealer" in the Lake Elsinore area. She pointed out  
25 how ludicrous his claims that he intended to commit suicide "with the  
26 rifle" were, if, in fact, he was attempting to obtain an untraceable  
27 handgun. She said that when the defendant and his estranged wife  
28

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1 attended a child custody mediation hearing in Orange County Superior  
2 Court on October 26, 1990, while he was represented by an attorney and  
3 she was not, she won the various concessions. Subsequent to that  
4 hearing, the defendant reportedly asked her when her next doctor's  
5 appointment was at Kaiser Permanente Hospital and Ms. DeCant offered  
6 her opinion that the defendant was fully aware the victim never took  
7 her children or any other witnesses to the doctor and consequently  
8 would be alone so he could commit the offense without being recognized.  
9 She stated that it appeared he became increasingly angry over the  
10 result of the child custody mediation and over approximately a four-day  
11 period prior to the shooting he became very quiet and did not go to  
12 work. She stated that he clearly went to great lengths to disguise the  
13 box in which he carried the rifle by repeatedly spray painting it to  
14 cover up printing on the box. She said there was no question in her  
15 mind that when Mrs. Totten began struggling with the defendant for the  
16 control of the weapon "she was afraid for her life", and the  
17 defendant's claims that she shot him with the gun are "ridiculous" as  
18 "she knows nothing of guns." She pointed out that after Mrs. Totten  
19 was able to escape from the parked vehicle in which she and her  
20 estranged husband initially struggled, he chased her down and "pumped  
21 another live round into the rifle" with the result that an unfired  
22 cartridge was ejected from the weapon (and was later found near the  
23 victim). She stated that it appears the defendant aimed at the victim  
24 from approximately ten feet away and deliberately shot her in the back  
25 of the head. She fell to the ground and he approached her and nudged  
26 her with his foot and then fled from the scene. After discarding his  
27 gun he later called his girlfriend (with whom he was engaged in an  
28

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extramarital affair) and she picked him up and drove him from Huntington Beach. Ms. DeCant stated that, in her opinion, the defendant has shown absolutely no remorse throughout the trial, and she knows of no attempt he made to check either on Mrs. Totten's condition or that of their unborn child after the offense. She also pointed out that it appears the defendant was unaware he had been shot in the leg until approximately 45 minutes after the offense which, in turn, would "shoot down the theory of self-defense." She pointed to the serious trauma the victim underwent and said she hopes the Court will consider the aggravated sentence on the great bodily injury and use of a weapon allegations and then add a consecutive sentence for the offense itself. She expressed her concern that the Court (apparently having substituted in, part-way through the trial) would not be fully aware of just how premeditated the offense was and how terrorized the victim was at the hands of the defendant. She said that she strongly feels the defendant is "very dangerous" and that his contentions that he intended to commit suicide (explaining his possession of the weapon) "just doesn't make sense."

The defendant supplied nine letters of reference from family members and acquaintances to be considered in his behalf. Those letters are attached for the Court's consideration. The defendant's father, 54-year-old Jason Totten, indicates the defendant has an outgoing personality, but a low self-image. He said that he feels the defendant would benefit from counseling and probation much more than incarceration. He points out that he has been involved in counseling during the past year and that there has been a "big difference in his attitude."



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1           The defendant's 51-year-old mother, Gana Totten, also  
2 referred to the defendant's "low esteem," but indicates that his  
3 involvement in the past 12 months in a counseling program has been  
4 helpful to him. As to the offense, she offers her opinion that, "I  
5 feel this was a once in a lifetime mistake that would not be repeated."  
6 She said she feels probation and counseling would be beneficial and she  
7 pointed out that he has no prior arrests.

8           The defendant's 31-year-old brother, Perry Totten, also  
9 appears to favor probation and counseling.

10           The defendant's 42-year-old uncle, Wayne Stout, refers to the  
11 defendant as being "very emotional" and "temperamental." He points out  
12 that the defendant has shown concern over his children and he offers  
13 his opinion that, given the circumstances surrounding this offense,  
14 "there are any given number of people that would or could (have) done  
15 the same things Tony has done." He also acknowledged that the offense  
16 "could have been a result of drug use." He refers to the offense as  
17 being an isolated, extreme incident.

18           The defendant's 64-year-old grandmother, Helen Dannels,  
19 indicates the defendant is a good worker who has a strong love for his  
20 children. She said that when his visitation of the children was  
21 limited, "he became very upset", which led to the offense. She offered  
22 her opinion that, during the past year while he was out on bail, "He  
23 has been on probation for a year and has not broke it in any way".

24           The defendant's stepgrandfather, Robert Dannels, referred to  
25 the defendant as being a "very caring person" and he said that, if he  
26 is given a chance, he will "prove himself."

27           The defendant's 34-year-old fiancée, Georgia Quill, states  
28

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1 that the defendant works hard to provide for his children and became  
2 "very emotional" when visitation over those children was limited by the  
3 mediation hearing. She has an eight-year-old son and she stated that  
4 over the past year, the defendant has been a "wonderful stepfather" to  
5 the boy. She indicated her opinion is that, if the defendant had to go  
6 into custody, it would be a disservice to "everyone involved." She  
7 refers to the offense as having been "an isolated incident" and she  
8 appears to favor a probation grant.

9 The defendant's 32-year-old friend, Jim Yapp, refers to the  
10 defendant as being a hardworking, dependable, and loyal individual.

11 The defendant's 52-year-old friend, Sondra Kleinhans, states  
12 that the defendant is a "friendly, dependable, organized, caring  
13 individual" who is "devoted to the care of his children." She  
14 acknowledges that he has difficulty with money management and also  
15 appears to have low self-esteem. She stated that since the defendant  
16 became involved in counseling, he appears to be "more mellow" and more  
17 decisive. She states:

18 "As this situation arose out of the culmination of an  
19 unfortunate marital dispute, which tested everyone's  
20 emotions to the limit, it would appear to me that  
probation with intense counseling would be  
appropriate."

21 A letter addressed, "To whom it may concern" has been  
22 received from Janice A. Tanner who indicates she holds a Master of Arts  
23 Degree. She is the facilitator for the South Orange County Chapter of  
24 Parents Anonymous. She stated that the defendant has been involved in  
25 group meetings with that organization over the past 11 months and has  
26 been found to be "honest" in his efforts to establish a relationship  
27 with his girlfriend's son, and he has expressed his "frustration with  
28



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1 having no contact with his children", She indicated that the defendant  
2 "verbalizes a strong desire to continue his own development and  
3 learning process" and she said "his motivation toward change is  
4 strong."

5 A letter was received from the defendant's 34-year-old  
6 sister, Kip Kibler. She refers to her brother as being "always helpful  
7 towards friends and family," and she indicates that in the past several  
8 years the defendant has been "learning to deal with the heartaches life  
9 can sometimes bring us." She indicates she believes incarceration  
10 simply serves to protect society from an individual and she offered her  
11 opinion that the defendant is not a danger to society. She states she  
12 would like to see him receive "the proper guidance and counseling" to  
13 help him "remain an honest citizen." She also said she feels it would  
14 be detrimental to his children not to have their father as they grow  
15 up. She asked that the Court "just give him a chance." Mrs. Kibler's  
16 letter is attached for the Court's consideration.

17 A letter was received from Robert Shovlin who identifies  
18 himself as a retired police sergeant. He stated that the defendant has  
19 always been "fair and honest" in his relationship with Mr. Shovlin and  
20 he states that the defendant is very sad about his present situation  
21 and would like to rectify it. He states the defendant has made  
22 comments to him to the extent that he would like again to have a close  
23 relationship with his children.

24 PSYCHOLOGICAL REPORT

25 A letter has been received from J. Digby Henry, the District  
26 Director of Family Service Association of Orange County. He indicated  
27 that the defendant began a counseling program with him on September 19  
28

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1 1991. He has subsequently been in attendance at a total of eight  
2 psychotherapy sessions during which the counseling focused on his  
3 relationship between himself and Georgia Quill and her child by a prior  
4 union. Mr. Henry also indicated that counseling has focused on the  
5 defendant's "recent court proceedings" as well. Mr. Henry's letter is  
6 attached for the Court's consideration.

7 PRIOR RECORD (FBI #558215MA2, CII #A09599685, OCSO #753780)

8 According to records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation  
9 and California Department of Justice, the defendant has no prior record  
10 of any type of criminal activity.

11 Records of the California Department of Motor Vehicles  
12 indicate the defendant holds a valid class-C driver's license with no  
13 reported departmental actions, failures to appear, nor accidents. He  
14 has one conviction for a vehicular violation (in 1989).

15 SOCIAL HISTORY

16 According to the defendant, he is the second of two children  
17 born to the union of his mother and Gary Zinn. His natural parents  
18 were apparently divorced in 1959, and that same year the defendant's  
19 mother married Jason Totten. The defendant and his older sister were  
20 adopted by Mr. Totten; the defendant stated he did not find out about  
21 the adoption until he was 14 years of age and he acknowledges he had  
22 difficulty adjusting to that information. He stated that his mother  
23 subsequently had a son and daughter (the defendant's half-siblings)  
24 born to her second marriage. He referred to his family life as having  
25 consisted of a great deal of dissension and he characterized his famil  
26 as having been dysfunctional. He said that he did not know what was  
27 expected of him as a child and had difficulty with reading, which  
28

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1 ultimately caused him to become "so nervous in first grade (he) ran  
2 home from school every day for the first two weeks." He stated,  
3 "School scared the hell out of (him)." He ultimately adjusted to  
4 school, however, and later became involved in extracurricular  
5 athletics. The defendant said that his adoptive father "drank a lot"  
6 and was not always consistent in his child-rearing practices. The  
7 defendant said that he felt his adoptive father expected a great deal  
8 out of him and that the defendant did not always live up to those  
9 expectations. He indicated that he has only seen his natural father  
10 approximately five times since the parents were divorced and even  
11 though Mr. Zinn resides in southern California, the defendant "can't  
12 understand his behavior towards (him)." The defendant said that his  
13 mother was "the glue that held things together" and that, while she  
14 would occasionally "yell and throw things", particularly as connected  
15 to her husband's drinking, she was considered "the peace maker."

16 The defendant last attended school at University High School  
17 in Irvine in 1976. He dropped out after having completed just the 11th  
18 grade. He reports he has primarily been employed as a tile setter  
19 during his adult years and currently earns approximately \$2,800 monthl  
20 from his work endeavors.

21 The defendant married Janet, the victim of this case, on  
22 February 9, 1985. He indicated they had an acceptable relationship for  
23 approximately three years, but then began "drifting apart." He  
24 acknowledges paternity of three children born to their union. While  
25 told the probation officer that he believed his divorce from Janet was  
26 final in October, 1990, during her personal interview at the Probation  
27 Department, Janet stated that, while the paperwork on the divorce had  
28

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1 been turned in, she does not know whether or not the union has  
2 officially been terminated to date. The three children reside with  
3 their mother (at an undisclosed location) and they are under the  
4 current supervision of the Orange County Department of Social Services  
5 due to the nature of the defendant's offense.

6 Mr. Totten is currently residing with his parents in their  
7 dwelling in Laguna Hills. He reportedly pays them \$250 monthly in rent  
8 and pays his various personal financial obligations out of his  
9 earnings. It is noted in a written financial statement which he  
10 provided to the probation officer, he claimed to be paying support or  
11 alimony of \$932 monthly. During her personal interview at the  
12 Probation Department, Mrs. Totten denied that she was receiving any  
13 type of financial assistance from the defendant. The defendant relate  
14 that he has no assets and has liabilities "including attorney's fees  
15 and bail" totaling \$55,800.

#### 16 DISCUSSION AND EVALUATION

17 Appearing before the Court for sentencing at this time is 33  
18 year-old Anthony Lee Totten who has been found guilty of attempted  
19 murder following jury trial. It appears, in 1985 the defendant married  
20 the victim of this case, Janet Totten, and apparently began  
21 experiencing marital difficulties with her three years later. He  
22 acknowledges being involved in an extramarital affair for approximately  
23 18 months and began experiencing increasing acrimony between himself  
24 and his wife beginning in 1990. Several police reports throughout the  
25 year appeared to chronicle the deteriorating nature of their  
26 relationship, and there appeared to be indications the defendant  
27 harassed and threatened his wife as their relationship continued to  
28

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1 deteriorate. Connected to their anticipated divorce, the defendant and  
2 the victim of this case attended a child custody mediation hearing in  
3 Orange County Superior Court. The result of that hearing required that  
4 future visitation between the defendant and his children be monitored.  
5 The defendant evidently became very distressed over that condition and  
6 was further angered when his estranged wife sought and obtained a  
7 temporary restraining order enjoining him from approaching her from  
8 closer than 100 yards. Several days prior to this offense, the  
9 defendant purchased a .22-caliber rifle and evidently went to some  
10 extent to disguise the box in which it was contained by applying  
11 multiple coats of paint to the box. On the day of this offense, the  
12 defendant, being aware that his estranged, pregnant wife was attending  
13 a doctor's appointment in Huntington Beach, apparently parked his  
14 vehicle out of her view and later approached her on foot (carrying the  
15 rifle) as she entered her parked car. His initial demeanor was  
16 evidently calm as he convinced the victim to accept a "present" (the  
17 rifle in the box) for their daughter. He placed the box in her car and  
18 then asked her to give him a ride to the rear of the medical facility  
19 where he reportedly was employed. She agreed to his request and after  
20 he had entered the passenger side of her vehicle, he reportedly became  
21 upset with her and began to retrieve the rifle from the box. The  
22 victim, fearing for her life, engaged in a struggle with her husband  
23 and, during that struggle, two shots from the bolt-operated rifle were  
24 discharged inside the vehicle. One of those shots struck the defendant  
25 in the leg. The victim attempted to flee from the scene of the  
26 conflict on foot, but was pursued by the defendant. He evidently  
27 operated the bolt action on the rifle once again, chambering a live  
28

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1 round (and ejecting a live round onto the ground near the ultimate  
2 scene of the shooting). He then shot the victim in the back of the  
3 head before fleeing from the scene on foot. The following day, he  
4 turned himself in and, after receiving medical attention to his leg  
5 wound, he was taken into custody on the present charge.

6 During the present investigation, the defendant has offered  
7 statement in which he claims the victim had initiated the gunfire by  
8 grabbing the gun when she learned he was in possession of it and firing  
9 two shots at the defendant, one of which struck him in the leg. He  
10 claims that subsequent to those two shots being fired, the victim fled  
11 from the location on foot, followed by the defendant. He appeared to  
12 claim the gun discharged accidentally, striking her in the back of the  
13 head. It is clear, through the jury's verdict, the defendant's  
14 rendition of this offense was not believed.

15 CIRCUMSTANCES IN AGGRAVATION

16  
17 The Crime:

18 421(a) - 1 Clearly, this offense involved great violence  
19 disclosing a high degree of cruelty,  
20 viciousness or callousness in the defendant.

21 421(a) - 3 It is felt the unarmed fleeing victim was  
22 particularly vulnerable to the defendant's  
23 predatory actions.

24 421(a) - 8 It appears the offense was pre-planned. The  
25 defendant brought the rifle to the scene of t  
26 offense in a disguised box, misrepresented as  
27 "present" to get it into the victim's presenc  
28



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The Defendant:

421(b) - 1 The defendant engaged in violent conduct, which indicates a serious danger to society.

CIRCUMSTANCES IN MITIGATIONThe Crime:

423(a) Not applicable.

The Defendant:

423(b) - 1 It is noted Mr. Totten has no prior record of any type of criminal activity.

423(b) - 3 It is noted the defendant voluntarily turned himself in for this offense on the day after it occurred, although it is noted he initially hid from police officials.

PROBATION ELIGIBILITY

413(a) The defendant is ineligible for probation as he was convicted of a violation of section 664/18 of the Penal Code and the allegation regarding Section 1203.06(a)(1) of the Penal Code was found to be true. It is also noted Section 1203.075(a)(1) appears to prohibit probation.

The probation officer has determined the defendant is a person required to pay a fine under Section 13967 of the Government Code. Further, it appears he has the present ability to pay a fine in the amount of \$10,000.00.

Bearing in mind the significance of this offense and the defendant's ineligibility for probation, it is evident the only

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1 recommendation which can be tendered at this time is for the denial of  
2 probation.

3 RECOMMENDATION

4 In view of the foregoing, it is respectfully recommended that  
5 probation be denied and that the defendant be required to pay a \$10,000  
6 fine in accordance with Section 13967 of the Government Code.

7 Respectfully submitted,

8 MICHAEL SCHUMACHER  
9 Chief Probation Officer

10 

11 Bruce R. Carel  
12 Deputy Probation Officer  
13 569-2102

14 Dated this 3rd day of January, 1992.

15 I have read and considered the foregoing  
16 report of the Chief Probation Officer.

17  
18 JUDGE OF THE CENTRAL SUPERIOR COURT  
19  
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**EXHIBIT "3"**

**FILED**  
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA  
COUNTY OF ORANGE  
CENTRAL JUSTICE CENTER  
DEC 15 2004  
ALAN SLATER, Clerk of the Court  
*C. Neuenschwander*  
BY C. NEUENSCHWANDER

**SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA  
FOR THE COUNTY OF ORANGE**

In re

ANTHONY TOTTEN,

Petitioner,

ON HABEAS CORPUS.

CASE NO. M-10386

ORDER

**TO THE PETITIONER AND THE OFFICE OF THE ORANGE COUNTY  
ATTORNEYGENERAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, HAVING RECEIVED THE  
PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS, THE COURT FINDS AND ORDERS AS  
FOLLOWS:**

**I**

Petitioner was convicted by a jury of attempted first degree murder with use of a firearm in 1991. According to the statement at his parole hearing, Petitioner entered the vehicle of the victim, who was his wife, with a rifle. She screamed, a scuffle ensued, and two shots were fired in the vehicle. She managed to escape from the car; he followed her and shot her in the back of the head. Petitioner was sentenced to life plus three years for the crime.

Petitioner's third parole hearing was held before the Board of Prison Terms (BPT) in June 2004, and parole was denied for two years. In denying parole, the BPT stated that in concluding Petitioner was not suitable for parole and posed an unreasonable risk of danger to society, it relied on the commitment offense and his current psychiatric evaluation which was unfavorable. It also noted opposition to release by the District Attorney.

## II

Petitioner argues the BPT failure to set a parole date violated California statutes, BPT regulations, case law, and his state and federal rights to due process. Further, he states there is no evidence that he is a current or unreasonable risk to society. Lastly he states the hearing was a sham and a farce which also violated his state and federal rights to due process.

## III

A petition for a writ of habeas corpus is the proper vehicle to address a claim that the BPT abused its discretion in denying parole. (*In re Powell* (1988) 45 Cal.3d 894, 903.) The petition should be heard in the court which rendered judgment. (*In re Sena* (2001) 94 Cal.App.4th 836.) Thus this court may address the petition on its merits.

A BPT parole decision is subject to a limited judicial review, and the applicable standard is whether "some evidence" supports it. (*In re Rosenkrantz* (2002) 29 Cal.4th 616, 626; *In re Powell, supra*, 45 Cal.3d at pp. 902-904; *In re Scott* (2004) 119 Cal.App.4th 871; *In re Van Houten* (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th 339, 347.) To obtain relief, Petitioner must therefore show the BPT acted without a factual basis or made a decision based on whim, caprice, or rumor. (*In re Powell, supra*, 45 Cal.3d at pp. 902-904.) Petitioner does not make that showing here. The BPT relied on the commitment offense and on Petitioner's psychiatric evaluation in making its decision. It also mentioned opposition by the District Attorney.

Whether the commitment offense may provide a sufficient basis for a denial of parole was addressed by the court in *Van Houten*. That court concluded that it could, as long as the crime involved particularly egregious acts beyond the minimum necessary to sustain the conviction. (*In re Van Houten, supra*, 116 Cal.App.4th at p. 348.) The issue of whether that is true in Petitioner's case need not be addressed here, because the BPT also relied on the psychiatric evaluation.

The evaluator stated that Petitioner "is on the road to becoming a penitent human being." The evaluator believed, however, that Petitioner had "further to go" before it would be reasonable to release him. According to the evaluator, Petitioner "had some of the right answers" but seemed more able to talk about the crime affected him rather than how it affected his former wife and their children. The evaluator described Petitioner as "self-centered" and concluded that it was unclear whether Petitioner would be a low risk for violence once outside prison.

The issue of whether opposition by the prosecuting agency is "relevant" and "reliable information" (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 2281, subd. (b)) that may be relied on by the BPT in making its decision also need not be decided here. This is so because the psychiatric evaluation is "some evidence" which supports the BPT finding. Only a "modicum" is required. (*In re Van Houten, supra*, 116 Cal.App.4th at p. 351.)

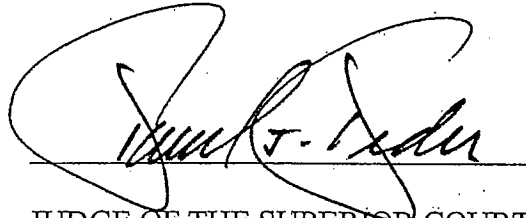
Petitioner thus fails to show the BPT acted without a factual basis, that its decision was based on whim, caprice, or rumor, or that it abused its discretion in denying parole. (*In re Powell, supra*, 45 Cal.3d at p. 902; see also *In re Rosenkrantz, supra*, 29 Cal.4th 616.) The petition is denied on that basis. (*Ibid.*)

## IV

The petition for a writ of habeas corpus is DENIED.

DATED: \_\_\_\_\_

12/15/04

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Daniel J. Didier", is written over a horizontal line.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

DANIEL J. DIDIER

**EXHIBIT "4"**

PSYCHOLOGICAL EVALUATION FOR THE BOARD OF PRISON TERMS  
(REVISED AUGUST 1998)  
PAROLE CONSIDERATION HEARING  
JANUARY 2004 LIFER CALENDAR

CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY, SOLEDAD  
NOVEMBER 19, 2003

This is a psychological evaluation for the Board of Prison Terms for inmate Anthony Totten, CDC# H-21049. This report is based upon a personal clinical interview of the inmate, conducted on 11/19/03, as well as a review of his Central file and unit health record. This clinical interview and a review of all pertinent documents were for the express purpose of preparing this report.

PSYCHOSOCIAL ASSESSMENT

I. IDENTIFYING INFORMATION:

Inmate Totten is a 45-year-old, twice married, Caucasian male who was born on 07/03/58. He stated that he uses no aliases or nicknames. He has no obvious unusual physical characteristics.

II. DEVELOPMENTAL HISTORY:

Inmate Totten stated that he knew of no prenatal or perinatal problems surrounding his birth, and that he had no birth defects.

It should be noted that, when being interviewed for his Board of Prison Terms report, he stated that he had been diagnosed with ADHD when he was about six or seven. Though he initially said he had no problems in childhood, he added that he had been abused by his adoptive father, both physically and emotionally. He had only a few contacts with his biological father. He went on to say that he had never engaged in animal abuse or arson.

III. EDUCATIONAL HISTORY:

Inmate Totten said that he never attended any special education classes. His sister indicates that he quit school when he was in the 11<sup>th</sup> grade (finally getting his GED in 1993). After quitting school, he worked with his stepfather, and continued working as a tile setter in prison. He will continue working as a tile setter if granted parole.

IV. FAMILY HISTORY:

Inmate Totten reported that he is the second oldest of four children (two girls and two boys). His two younger siblings were born to his mother and stepfather,

TOTTEN, ANTHONY  
CDC NUMBER: H-21049  
BPT PSYCHOLOGICAL EVALUATION  
PAGE TWO

while he and his older sister were born to his mother's previous husband—his biological parents separated when he was still an infant. His biological father has died within the last few years. His stepfather, an alcoholic until only a few years ago, was an abusive man (nevertheless, the inmate tried to model much of his behavior after that of his stepfather). In addition, the inmate's older sister and a brother have had problems with substance abuse. He said that his family is very supportive of him.

V. PSYCHOSEXUAL DEVELOPMENT AND SEXUAL ORIENTATION:

Inmate Totten said that he is definitely heterosexual, and has always treated females with respect, denying any sexually-related, high-risk behavior. He started dating in his mid-teens.

VI. MARITAL HISTORY:

Inmate Totten said that his first wife separated from him when she found out that he had been having an affair. They have three children by this marriage. He has not seen either his ex-wife or his children for many years. Apparently, his second wife moved twice to follow him when he was transferred from one prison to another. He divorced his second wife in the last couple of years so that she can "go on with her life." They remain friends.

VII. MILITARY HISTORY:

Inmate Totten has not served in any military organization, either in the United States or abroad.

VIII. EMPLOYMENT/INCOME HISTORY:

As noted above, inmate Totten started working with tile professionally when he quit school and went to work for his father. Inmate Totten stated that he remains a member in good standing of the Tile Setters' Union. He has practiced this trade for many years, and has used it to support himself and his family.

IX. SUBSTANCE ABUSE HISTORY:

Inmate Totten said that he used marijuana briefly at about the age of 15. He did not use any other drug for about ten years after that, until he started using methamphetamine. He began using methamphetamine over the weekends for about three years, until he committed his life crime.

X. PSYCHIATRIC AND MEDICAL HISTORY:

Besides his methamphetamine dependence, inmate Totten indicated that, as a consequence of his drug use, he had developed suicidal ideation. He said to this interviewer that he no longer feels suicidal; the effects have worn off.



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 PAGE THREE

**XI. PLANS IF GRANTED RELEASE:**

If granted parole, inmate Totten states that he would move to San Juan Capistrano to live with his parents. He said that they initially will provide him with support until he gets back on his feet. He will update his tile setter union membership, and resume work as a tile setter. He also wants to attend Narcotics Anonymous.

**CLINICAL ASSESSMENT**

**XII. CURRENT MENTAL STATUS/TREATMENT NEEDS:**

Inmate Totten was clean and well groomed when he appeared for the interview. He was fluent, and presented with good eye contact. He did not appear to have any psychotic processing or mood disorder. His intelligence was in the average range or higher.

**CURRENT DIAGNOSTIC IMPRESSIONS:**

**AXIS I:** 305.70 – Methamphetamine Dependence, in remission in a controlled environment.  
 Rule Out ADHD.

**AXIS II:** Deferred.

**AXIS III:** No Contributory Physical Disorder.

Inmate Totten's current level of care is general population, and he is not taking any psychotropic medications.

**XIII. REVIEW OF LIFE CRIME:**

Inmate Totten stated that, at the time of his crime, he had had a methamphetamine problem for a few years. Though he had been married for seven years, he was also having an affair with another woman, and his wife found out and sued for divorce, taking the children with her. Thus, he was under considerable stress. After having a series of anger-filled meetings with her, he arranged to meet his wife again, this time at a hospital where she was having a checkup (he said he had hoped to show her how distraught he was so that she would have some sympathy for him). Meeting her, he escorted her to her car, where he took out a rifle he had placed in a box, and a struggle soon ensued. During the struggle, he was shot in the leg. He then followed her out of the car as she attempted to run away, and he shot her. She recovered, and he went to prison.

In discussing his crime, he went on to say that he had not intended to kill his wife—"If I had wanted to kill her, I would have. I was high on drugs." In further discussing this crime, he said that he had done "a bad thing."

TOTTEN, ANTHONY  
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 PAGE FOUR

Inmate Totten then went on to describe some of the losses he has experienced since he has been in prison. He say that he has lost a grandmother, who has died since he has been in prison. Inmate Totten said he has also missed his children. He mentioned his daughter at this point, saying he would like to talk to her. He also said that he exercised bad judgment, and was sitting in prison because of it. He finished by saying that he was remorseful for his actions.

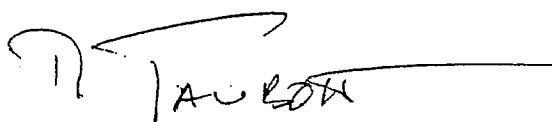
He had some of the right answers for my questions, and seemed to be on the road to getting his thinking straight. However, I had to work on getting him to talk about his thinking about how his crime has affected others—he seemed to be more able to talk about its effect upon him than upon others, as if he has not quite thought through the consequences of his actions upon others. I also believe that he needs to work more on the effect of his crime on his former wife and children. In short, inmate Totten seemed to this interviewer to live in a still too-self-centered world.

#### XIV. ASSESSMENT OF DANGEROUSNESS:

His disciplinary history is quite good (he has had two CDC-128s), and he has worked and not sat still. It is likely he will continue to be a low risk for violence within the prison system. At this time, however, it seems less clear that he will be a low risk in the free community. In particular, his still seemingly self-centered view of his actions suggests that his interpersonal maturity is somewhat limited. If he truly suffers from ADHD, as he has stated, he may be somewhat impulsive, and will need help dealing with this disorder as well. It must be said that, comparing his statements to those made to earlier interviews, he seems to have advanced somewhat in his understanding and appreciation of others as people. But there is still room for growth, and needed growth will occur. Finally, he must continue to attend AA/NA classes if he is released, since this is an important source of understanding and support. In conjunction with the foregoing, he also needs to be monitored regularly to see if he is maintaining his abstinence.

#### XV. CLINICIAN OBSERVATIONS/COMMENTS/RECOMMENDATIONS:

Inmate Totten is on the road to becoming a penitent human being. He has further to go however, before it is reasonable that he is released.



R. TALBOTT, Ph.D.  
 Staff Psychologist  
 CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY, SOLEDAD

TOTTEN, ANTHONY  
CDC NUMBER: H-21049  
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B. ZIKA, Ph.D.  
Senior Supervising Psychologist  
CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY, SOLEDAD

RT/gmj

D: 11/19/03  
T: 12/10/03

**EXHIBIT "5"**

MENTAL HEALTH EVALUATION  
FOR THE BOARD OF PRISON TERMS  
SEPTEMBER 2002 CALENDAR  
LIFER PROGRAM UNIT  
CALIFORNIA TRAINING FACILITY AT SOLEDAD

PSYCHOSOCIAL ASSESSMENT

**IDENTIFYING INFORMATION:** Mr. Anthony Totten, CDC# H-21049, is a 44-year-old, divorced, white first-termer committed from Orange County. He is serving a Life Sentence Plus Three Years for Attempted First Degree Murder with Great Bodily Injury. The index offense occurred on 10-30-90, and Mr. Totten entered into CDC at Chino on 1-13-92. He arrived at Soledad on 3-1-00. He is a United States citizen.

Informed consent, including the limits of confidentiality, was provided. Mr. Totten appeared to comprehend both the nature and purpose for the present evaluation, and he agreed to participate in the interview. Mr. Totten does not appear to have a mental disability or condition that would qualify under the Americans with Disabilities Act, and it was my conclusion that it was not necessary to provide auxiliary aids or assistance to achieve effective communication. The interview was conducted on 6-28-02, lasting approximately one and one-half hours. Both the Central file and Unit Health Record were reviewed. Included in this review was Dr. R. Bradley's Psychological Evaluation for the Board dated 7-23-99.

**DEVELOPMENTAL HISTORY:** The reader is referred to Dr. Bradley's report dated 7-23-99 for the relevant aspects of Mr. Totten's developmental history.

Mr. Totten was born in Santa Monica, CA. His developmental history appears to be unremarkable. There were no indications of prenatal and perinatal concerns, or birth defects. There were no signs of developmental abnormalities. He seems to have attained developmental milestones at the appropriate times and in the expected sequence. He experienced physical abuse by his adoptive father. His childhood medical history also seems unremarkable, with the exception of Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD). He informed the examiner that he was diagnosed with ADHD at the age of 6 or 7, and he was treated with medication until about the age of 25.

**EDUCATION:** Per Dr. Bradley's report.

In the present interview, Mr. Totten reported that he received average to above average grades in elementary school and junior high. He stated that he was not in any special education classes. He claimed that there were no serious disciplinary problems during his years in school. While attending University High School in Irvine, he decided to drop out in the 11<sup>th</sup> grade and work for his adoptive father as a tile setter. He acknowledged that he lacked interest in academic pursuits.

His TABE test from 8-20-01 reflects a 4.5 grade placement level in reading. He previously tested at the 9<sup>th</sup> grade level. He attributed this lower score to problems with his vision.

**FAMILY HISTORY:** Per Dr. Bradley's report.

In the present interview, Mr. Totten reported that his biological father, Gary Zinn, and his mother, Gana, separated when he was about 6 months old. His biological father died from a brain tumor approximately two years ago. When he was about 2, his mother was remarried to Jason Totten, who later adopted him. His adoptive father has been in recovery from alcoholism for 16 years. As mentioned above, his adoptive father was sometimes physically abusive to family members when drinking. His mother (65) retired from working in a convalescent hospital in December 2001. His older brother, Kip (45), now works as an engineer and is divorced with 2 children. His half-brother, Perry (42), is an asphalt foreman and is married with 3 children. His half-sister, Jamie (39), works as a dental hygienist, and is married with 2 children. There is a family history for alcoholism, cancer and heart disease.

Currently, Mr. Totten has contact with his parents and siblings. He described them as "real supportive."

**PSYCHOSEXUAL DEVELOPMENT AND SEXUAL ORIENTATION:** Mr. Totten identified himself as exclusively heterosexual. He estimated that he reached puberty at age 13 or 14, and he became sexually active at age 16 or 17. He denied any interest in non-normative sexual behaviors or fantasies, and there are no reported sex crimes. He denied having sex with prostitutes, and he stated that he has no history for sexually transmitted diseases.

**MARITAL/RELATIONSHIP HISTORY:** Per Dr. Bradley's report.

In the present interview, Mr. Totten reported that he and his first wife, Janet Quick Totten, the victim in the index offense, had been separated for about 6 months when the index offense occurred. When the crime happened, he had an extramarital relationship with Georgia Stephans. He emphasized that Janet was upset about this relationship and she left with their children, not allowing him regular visitation. He informed the examiner that he has not had contact with Janet or his 4 children during the last 12 years.

Mr. Totten married Georgia in 1993, and they were recently divorced in 2001. He attributed their divorce to his incarceration, but he added that they still have contact and she remains supportive.

Mr. Totten also had a live-in relationship with Sandy Moore that began when he was 21 and ended when he was 26.

**MILITARY HISTORY:** There is no record of military service.

**EMPLOYMENT/INCOME HISTORY:** Per Dr. Bradley's report.

In the present interview, Mr. Totten acknowledged that he went through periods of unemployment while working as a tile setter. He volunteered that he has other construction experience.

In prison, Mr. Totten has had various job assignments. He reported that while he was at Susanville, he worked in the maintenance department, setting tile throughout the prison. For one year he worked as the R & R clerk, and he was also on yard crew. He is currently in vocational landscape. His work supervisor's report dated 3-31-02 indicates that he is a good worker and he is close to receiving certification.

**SUBSTANCE ABUSE HISTORY:** Per Dr. Bradley's report.

In the present interview, Mr. Bradley informed the examiner that he started abusing methamphetamine at the age of 28. He mentioned that he stopped taking medication for ADHD at age 25 when his prescribing physician died, and he discovered that methamphetamine had similar effects. He divulged that he was dependent on methamphetamine prior to the index offense. At one point, he admitted himself to the detoxification unit at the University of California at Irvine Hospital for 3 days, but he relapsed about 6 months later. He revealed that when the index offense occurred, he had been awake for 3 days, bingeing on methamphetamine.

A chrono dated 4-18-02 indicates that Mr. Totten has been continuing his participation in AA. He was also in the New Beginnings program.

**MENTAL HEALTH AND MEDICAL HISTORY:** Per Dr. Bradley's report.

In the present interview, Mr. Totten volunteered that after bingeing on methamphetamine for several days, he was experiencing intense suicidal ideation and he was actively suicidal when he committed the index offense.

On 2-1-00, Mr. Totten was evaluated by Dr. Frederickson who found no signs or symptoms of a mental disorder, and he was recommended for continued placement in general population.

Mr. Totten is currently not on medication for hypertension. He is also not taking medication for gastrointestinal difficulties.

**PLANS IF GRANTED RELEASE:** Mr. Totten reported that if he were released from prison, he would reside with his parents in San Juan Capistrano, CA. He stated that his father has a truck and tools and he would be able to resume his work as a tile setter. He mentioned that he has a standing job offer from his brother. He told the examiner that he has established contact with 12-Step sponsors in the community, and he intends to



continue with AA and NA. He also expressed an interest in participating in professional counseling to help him adjust to his re-entry in society.

At present, he has positive family support and a viable parole plan. Therefore, his prognosis for community living is favorable.

## CLINICAL ASSESSMENT

**CURRENT MENTAL STATUS/TREATMENT NEEDS:** Mr. Totten arrived for the interview promptly and he was neatly groomed and dressed with polished shoes. His hair was combed and he was wearing glasses. His demeanor was mildly nervous, but pleasant. He was alert and well oriented in the three spheres. His speech was normal, and his responses were adequately articulated. His mood was euthymic and affect was broad and appropriate. He did not endorse any primary symptoms of depression or hypomania. His thinking was well integrated and purposeful. There were no indications of paranoid ideation. Memory and concentration were intact. Judgment was adequate, but insight was only partial. He denied any thoughts or intentions of harm to self or others.

## DIAGNOSTIC IMPRESSION:

Axis I:	314.01 Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder
	304.4 Amphetamine Dependence, in Full Remission in a
	Controlled Setting
	V71.01 Adult Antisocial Behavior
Axis II:	V71.09 No Diagnosis on Axis II
Axis III:	Hypertension
	Unspecified gastrointestinal problems
Axis IV:	Incarceration
Axis V:	GAF=87

Currently, Mr. Totten does not seem to have a mental disorder and he is not in need of mental health services.

**CRIMINAL HISTORY/REVIEW OF LIFE CRIME:** Mr. Totten does not have a prior criminal record. The index offense is his only conviction.

The index offense is described in detail in the POR. Briefly stated, Mr. Totten shot his estranged wife, Janet Totten, in the head with a rifle. The offense occurred in front of the Kaiser Permanente Medical Center, where the victim was receiving prenatal care. Witnesses saw Mr. Totten pursuing the victim on foot and then firing one shot, striking her in the head and knocking her to the ground. He then fled from the area. The victim was interviewed at Hoag Hospital where she told authorities that her husband approached

her, holding a white box that he alleged was a present for their 5-year-old daughter. She told officers that she had previously obtained a temporary restraining order against him related to problems concerning child visitation. He requested that she give him a ride to where his car was parked and they started arguing about their relationship in her car. He then retrieved a rifle from the white box and they struggled over the weapon, which discharged twice in the car, striking Mr. Totten in his leg. Mrs. Totten then ran from the car with her husband chasing her and yelling that he was going to kill her. She later told the authorities that her husband had threatened to kill her one week earlier, but she did not consider the threat serious. She reported that there had been other threats and episodes of violence in their relationship. Mrs. Totten suffered loss of hearing in her left ear and a broken jaw.

In the present interview, Mr. Totten stated that he was distraught over not being allowed to see his children and he had recently purchased a rifle at K-Mart. He reported that his wife was unaware that he was emotionally unstable and feeling suicidal. He contended that when he confronted his wife in the car outside the Kaiser Medical Center, he handed her the gun and said, "Why don't you shoot me if I can't see the kids." He then shot himself in the leg and chased after his wife and shot her. He was unable to explain why he chased after his wife and shot her, but he contended that his use of methamphetamine and his distraught emotional state were contributing factors.

**RISK FOR VIOLENCE:** The current research supports that empirically based risk assessment procedures are the most accurate and valid method for estimating future risk for violence in the community. In the present evaluation, three different psychological instruments were employed to assist in assessing future risk for violence in the community.

On the Hare Scale (PCL-R), a measure of static risk factors associated with risk for violence, Mr. Totten scored within the low range of severity. This score indicates that he does not have an antisocial orientation, and psychopathy is not a risk factor. Since this measure is based on static factors, the categorical score is not likely to change over time.

On the History Clinical Risk-20 (HCR-20), which also includes dynamic risk factors, Mr. Totten scored within the low-to-moderate range of severity. As mentioned above, he started to manifest adjustment problems in later adulthood, including occasional employment problems, relationship difficulties and a serious substance abuse problem. At present, he does not seem to have any mental difficulties, his substance use problem seems to be adequately contained, and he appears to have a viable parole plan.

On the Violence Risk Appraisal Guide (VRAG), an actuarial method, Mr. Totten also scored within the low-to-moderate range.

**CONCLUSION:** Overall, Mr. Totten appears to fall into a category that represents a low-to-moderate risk for violence in the community. His risk for violence seems to be steadily diminishing over time. On 7-23-99, Dr. Bradley estimated his risk for violence as being less than the average inmate, but average to above average for the community.

population due to his problems with impulse control when experiencing emotional turmoil. Before the index offense, he was experiencing very stressful life events. He started having an extramarital affair and he became separated from his wife who left with their children. The record indicates that Mr. Totten was upset about his wife's pregnancy with their fourth child, and he had told her he wanted her to get an abortion. He started abusing methamphetamine more heavily, and his emotional state deteriorated, with Mr. Totten becoming seriously depressed and suicidal. He then exercised very poor judgment, purchasing a firearm and bringing it with him when he decided to confront his wife. The index offense appears to have been a crime of affective violence, with Mr. Totten acting spontaneously in the midst of a heated marital conflict.

Mr. Totten does not seem to be an individual who is normally prone to violence and he is not criminally oriented. The commitment offense is his only conviction, and there is no documentation of violent behavior, or other major adjustment problems, while he has been in prison. To prepare himself for parole, he should complete his vocational training in landscape, and he could benefit from educational upgrading. He also needs to be in an ongoing recovery program.

*Erich Rueschenberg*

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Erich Rueschenberg, Ph.D.  
Forensic Psychologist  
Lifer Program/Forensic Services Unit  
Health Care Services Division  
California Department of Corrections

July 17, 2002

Date

**EXHIBIT "6"**

LIFE PRISONER EVALUATION REPORT  
PAROLE CONSIDERATION HEARING #2  
JANUARY 2004

TOTTEN, ANTHONY

H21049

**ADDENDUM**

On 3/23/2004, I issued Inmate Totten a copy of his Board Report for his scheduled BPT hearing calendar January 2004. Inmate Totten indicated he disagreed with his report in the following area:

I. COMMITMENT FACTORS

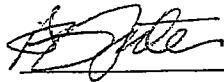
- A. Life Crime: PC 664/187 Pre-Meditated Attempted Murder, Count 1, one enhancement of PC 12022.5. Use of firearm "stayed", one enhancement of PC 12022.7 Inflicted Great Bodily Injury with three (3) years added to sentence, Orange County #C82571, Victim: Janet Totten, age: 29 years old. Received by CDC: 01/13/92. Sentenced: 17 years to Life plus 3 years enhancement. MEPD: 06/29/00. Life Term starts: 06/29/93.

In preparation of this addendum, Totten was given the opportunity to review his Central File per a CDC 128B dated 04/01/04. Having reviewed the Central File, and noting Judgment of Commitment, this addendum amends and corrects the heading that shoul read:

I. COMMITMENT FACTORS:

- A. Life Crime: PC 664/187 Pre-Meditated Attempted Murder, Count 1, one enhancement of PC 12022.5. Use of firearm "stayed", one enhancement of PC 12022.7 Inflicted Great Bodily Injury with three (3) years added to sentence, Orange County #C82571, Victim: Janet Totten, age: 29 years old. Received by CDC: 01/13/92. Sentenced: Life plus 3 years enhancement. MEPD: 06/29/00. Life Term starts: 06/29/93.

In addition, Inmate Totten wants the Board of Prison Terms to take into account, an additional job reference from the Christopher Scott Totten Construction, located at 1537 West Mckinley #10, Azusa, CA 91702. Telephone: 626-969-4999. Totten indicates that he would be offered a position as a general contractor - tile setter. He also provided an additional letter of support from a family friend who would sponsor him in the program of Alcoholics Anonymous in the county of his last county of residence. Contact person: Mary-Ellen West, located at 32472 Fathom Court, San Juan Capistrano, CA 92675. Telephone: 949-489-1835.

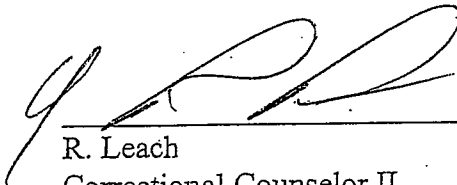


H. Staten

Correctional Counselor I

4-18-07

Date

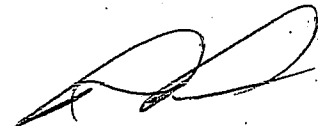


R. Leach

Correctional Counselor II

4-20-04

Date

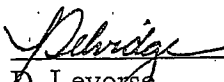


R. Pope

Facility Captain

4-20-04

Date



D. Levorse

C&amp;PR

4-21-04

Date

COPY TO INMATE ON  
3-15-04

LIFE PRISONER EVALUATION REPORT  
SUBSEQUENT PAROLE CONSIDERATION HEARING #2  
JANUARY 2004 CALENDAR

①

TOTTEN, ANTHONY LEE

H-21049

I. COMMITMENT FACTORS:

- A. Life Crime: PC 664/187 Pre-Meditated Attempted Murder, Count 1, One enhancement of PC 12022.5. Use of firearm "stayed" one enhancement of PC 12022.7 Inflicted Great Bodily Injury with three (3) years added to sentence, Orange County, Case #C-82571, Victim: Janet Totten, age: 29 years old. Received by CDC: 1/13/92. Sentenced: ~~17 years to~~ Life plus 3 years enhancement; MEPD: 06/29/00. Life Term starts: 6/29/93.

1. Summary of Crime: According to records of the Huntington Beach Police Department, on October 30, 1990, at approximately 10:32 a.m., a confrontation took place in front of the Kaiser Medical Facility at 18081 Beach Boulevard, between Anthony Totten and the victim, Janet Totten. Following her obstetric appointment, the victim was opening her car door, she became aware of Totten standing behind her. He was holding a long white box, which he said contained a doll swing for their daughter's birthday. The victim agreed to allow Totten to enter her vehicle and put the box in her back seat. After they spoke for a while, Totten told the victim he was working behind the Kaiser facility and asked her for a ride back. He was dressed for work and appeared calm, so she agreed. When the victim started the car and looked toward Totten, she saw he was holding a rifle between the seats, which he had taken out of the white box. She began screaming and pushing the barrel down. At some point, two shots were fired inside the vehicle with one round striking Totten in leg. As the victim tried to get out of the car, Totten grabbed her arm and hit her head. When she broke free, crying and screaming, she ran toward the medical building. Totten chased her and cut her off. She ran around him and heard the gun cock and a shell eject. She fell to the ground, and was hit in the head. While the victim was on the ground, face down, Totten walked up to her and nudged her body with his foot. He then fled on foot from the location. As a result of the injuries, the victim lost the hearing in one ear and suffered a broken jaw which had to remain wired for one and one-half months. [Source document: POR, and Fourth appellate District Court of Appeal Remittitur.]



2. **Prisoner's Version:** In an interview for this report, Totten states that his version remains the same as stated in the POR, pages 12 and 13. (2)

"Janet and I had been separated off and on since February of 1990. In July 1990, I went into U.C.I. Medical Center for depression. I felt abandoned by everyone. My feelings were confused at that time, about all phases of my life. I felt I couldn't make a decision on anything. My fear while I was at U.C.I. was that later my wife would use my hospitalization against me. Janet was unwilling to take part in my recovery, but wanted to continue our relationship. In August, Janet moved in with me at Executive Suites Motel for six weeks. Then I found out that Janet was four months pregnant. I felt a termination of the pregnancy would be best, she would not hear of it. Janet knew I was seeing someone off and on for the past one and a half years prior to this. In October, I had made the decision to file for divorce. The 25th and 26th of October, we went into mediation, and Janet checked every box on the sheet of paper and told them about my hospitalization. They set up monitored visitation with my children. I was seeing my children on Tuesdays and Thursdays for approximately six months. I felt monitored visitation was Janet's way of getting back at me for filing for divorce and because she did not want me to take the children around my girlfriend. Saturday the 27th, Janet called my mom and told her I could see my kids Sunday without being monitored. She said it was all right if I took them to the park. The order states I could see my kids from 9:00 to 5:00, I only got to see them from 10:00 until 3:00. I hadn't done anything to my children to be treated this way. Tuesday, the 30th of October, I knew Janet had a doctor's appointment at Kaiser, because I had been to her previous appointments with her. I went to talk to her about the monitored visitations. When I told her I had a gun, she started leaning on the horn. I grabbed her arm, she reached over the seat and grabbed the gun and fired two shots, which hit me in the leg. Janet got out of the car and ran. I followed behind her and the gun went off. I ran and threw the gun in the trash, I was scared and confused. I went to the shopping center where I called my girlfriend. I called my attorney and turned myself in the next day. If I could take back that day I would. My intent was not to harm Janet. I feel bad for what happened." Refer to a letter of remorse dated 10/10/03 from Totten located in the miscellaneous section of the Central File.

3. **Aggravating/Mitigating Circumstances:**

a. **Aggravating Factors:**

- The victim was particularly vulnerable due to the prisoner's predatory actions.

- The prisoner had a special relationship with the victim due to being the husband. He brought a rifle to the scene of the offense in a disguised box, misrepresented as a "present" in order to get into the victim's presence.
- During the commission of the crime, the prisoner had a clear opportunity to cease but instead continued.
- The manner in which the crime was committed created a potential for serious injury to persons other than the victim of the crime.

b. Mitigating Factors: None.

B. Multiple Crime(s): N/A.

## II. PRECONVICTION FACTORS:

A. Juvenile Record: None.

B. Adult Convictions and Arrests:: The instant offense is the only recorded conviction.

C. Personal Factors: Totten is the second of two children born to the union of his parents, Gary and Gana Zinn. His natural parents were divorced in 1959, and that same year, Totten's mother married Jason Totten. Totten and his older sister were adopted by Mr. Totten. He stated he did not find out about the adoption until he was 14 years of age and he acknowledges he had difficulty adjusting to that information. He stated that his mother subsequently had a son and daughter born to her second marriage. He referred to his family life as having consisted of a great deal of dissension and he characterized his family as having been dysfunctional. Totten had trouble understanding what was expected of him by his stepfather. He had trouble reading, which ultimately contributed to him being scared and intimidated during his first two weeks in the first grade. He felt that he ultimately adjusted to school and he became involved in extra-curricular athletics. His adoptive father "drank a lot" and was not always consistent in his child-rearing practices. Totten felt his adoptive father expected a great deal out of him and that he did not always live up to those expectations. He indicated that he had only seen his natural father approximately five times, and could not understand his behavior towards him. Totten said that his mother was "the glue that held things together" and that, while she would occasionally "yell and throw things", particularly as connected to her husband's drinking, she was considered "the peace

maker." Totten attended high school through the 11th grade, and then dropped out. He earned a living through his adult life as a Tile Setter. He reports he has primarily been employed as a tile setter during his adult years earning approximately \$2,800.00. Totten and his first wife Janet, the victim of case, divorced in 1990. He indicated they had an acceptable relationship for approximately three years, but then began "drifting apart." He acknowledges paternity of three children born to their union. Totten was renting a room from his parents in Laguna Hills. He claimed to have debts totaling over \$55,000.00. He was never in the military. He claimed to have no history of illicit drug use, but did claim to have ingested Methamphetamine in the days surrounding his instant offense. (4)

### III. POSTCONVICTION FACTORS:

A. Special Programming/Accommodations: None.

B. Custody History: Totten was received at RCC-CIM on 1/13/92 and endorsed to Calipatria-IV on 2/20/92. He received his Initial Review on 3/12/92, U.C.C. elected to assign Medium A custody and placed the inmate on the Support Services and Academic Education waiting lists. On 3/12/92, the inmate was assigned to the Education ABE-III program. On 9/11/92, inmate had an Initial Review due to a transfer to the Unit 'C' Unit at Calipatria. U.C.C. elected to grant Medium A custody and placed inmate on the support Services and Academic (GED) waiting lists. Inmate's transfer was not adverse in nature due to OTC and return per a CDC-128G dated 9/11/92. He was assigned to the Education AHS Student program on 9/1/92. Inmate received his Annual Review on 12/15/92. He received satisfactory Work Supervisor Reports as a AHS/GED student and remained disciplinary-free during that period. Due to inmate's reduced classification score to a Level III, U.C.C. elected to refer to the CSR recommending CCC-III and per the inmate's request and alternate MCSP-III per CDC-128G dated 12/15/92. On 12/30/92, the CSR endorsed inmate for CCC-III per a CDC-128-G. A CDC-128-G dated 5/18/93 indicates that the inmate achieved a reading score of 9.0 on the test of Adult Base Education. The instructor requested that the inmate to be removed from Academic Education program based on the test score. U.C.C. elected to place the inmate on the IS waiting list, and yard crew.

While at CCC-III, inmate's job assignments consist of Dining Hall clean-up, Yard Crew & Maintenance, Tile Setter and R & R clerk. During this duration, Totten earned satisfactory to exceptional work grades on his Work Supervisor's Reports. On 10/31/95, during inmate's Annual, U.C.C. elected to refer his case to the CSR recommending to retain at CCC-III due to inmate's special skills (tile setter) per request by the plant operations to have inmate assist them with tile repairs within

the facility and alternate HDSP placement per a CDC-128G dated 10/31/95. On 11/20/95, the CSR retained the inmate at CCC-III due to Administrative Placement: Life/WOR per CDC-128G. The inmate was seen by the BPT on 6/20/96. The Board recommended: 1) No further vocational training necessary; 2) Needs to complete GED, at a minimum; 3) Average Work Reports must accept any job assignment made by staff; 4) Inmate must become an active member of AA/NA program and learn the 12 steps; 5) Needs an in-depth psych evaluation, once he is willing to cooperate; 6) Encouraged to continue with his clean disciplinary record. Inmate received Annual Review on 2/4/97 and U.C.C. elected to continue his present program yard crew assignment. On 2/10/98 per CDC 128-G, subject's case was reviewed in absentia by U.C.C. per his request via a CDC-128B-1 of 2/4/98 for his Annual Review. U.C.C. elected to refer to CSR recommending retain CCC-III due to inmate's family lives in Susanville and due to inmate's current job assignment as Tile Setter per the Maintenance Engineer. The CSR on 3/23/98, retains the inmate at CCC-III due to Administrative placement: Critical Work Skills per a CDC-128G. On 1/19/99, the inmate appears for Annual Review and U.C.C. elects to refer to the CSR recommending transfer to HDSP-III based on a confidential memo of 12/7/98 with an alternate of CTF-II non-adverse recommendation. Note there is no CSR 128-G noting a decision regarding 1/19/99 U.C.C. action. On 2/1/00 per 128G, the inmate was seen by U.C.C. for Annual Review, U.C.C. elected to refer to the CSR recommending a transfer to CTF-II and per inmates request with a alternate of CMC-W-II. On 2/25/00, the CSR endorses the inmate for CTF-II per a CDC-128G. The inmate received his Initial review on 3/10/00, U.C.C. elected to remove RTQ status, establish Medium A custody, place on the Support Services waiting list and release to the general population at CTF North Facility. Totten's work history consists of Vocational Landscaping and Gardening. He earned positive Education Progress Reports dated 12/30/02 and 3/31/03. He completed the Vocational Landscape Program and received seven (7) certificates of completion. He transferred to East Dorm non-adversely on 4/7/03 and was assigned to the PIA Wood Furniture Factory on 4/9/03. He is presently working in the finishing department and has earned satisfactory work grades.

C. Therapy and Self-Help Activities:

4/3/02, CDC-128B - Participation in A.A. during the 1st quarter of 2002.

4/15/02, CDC-128B - Informative inmate has been on the IMPACT waiting list since 10/2001 and was expected to attend around 9/2002.

7/1/02, CDC 128B - AA Participation during the 2nd quarter of 2002.

9/30/02, CDC-128B - AA Participation during the 3rd quarter of 2002.

12/30/02, CDC-128B - AA Participation during the 4th quarter of 2002.

3/31/03, CDC - 128B - AA Participation during the 1st quarter of 2003.

4/1/03, CDC - 128B - Completed the fall session of the 14 week IMPACT self-help program and received a certificate of completion dated 4/7/03.

**D. Disciplinary History:**

**CDC-128's:**

08/22/95                      CCC                      Unauthorized Use of Telephones.

12/29/92                      CCC                      Evading Attendance.

**CDC-115's:** None.

- E. OTHER:** On 1/27/03, Totten appeared before the Board of Prison Terms for his Subsequent Parole Consideration Hearing #1. The Board decision was to deny parole for 1 year and request a new psychological report prior to his next hearing. However, the Board recommended the prisoner to: 1) Remain disciplinary free; and 2) Participate in self-help and therapy programs.

**IV. FUTURE PLANS:**

- A. Residence:** Totten is planning on living with his parents Robert and Gana Totten located at 31222 Via San Vicente, San Juan Capistrano, California. Telephone: 949-240-8922.
- B. Employment:** He states upon his release from prison, he plans to re-enter his past union, which is the Local #11, Tile and Marble Finishers or Local #18, Tile Setters Union. His brother, has also secured employment doing asphalt work, which is a union job. However, in the interim, Totten states that his parents have agreed to aid him financially.
- C. Assessment:** Totten has family that will provide residency, and financial support. He has union association, where he plans to reenter the tile and marble finishers local chapter or seek employment with the tile setters union. He has a brother that will provide him with employment in the asphalt union. However, there are no



recent letters of support regarding a job offer from an employer in the community.

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V. USINS STATUS: N/A.

VI. SUMMARY:

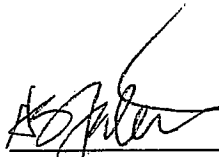
- A. Considering the commitment offense, and prison adjustment, this writer believes that the prisoner would probably pose a low degree of threat to the public at this time, if released from prison. This assessment of dangerousness is based on the Totten's free-disciplinary history while in a controlled setting, his excellent work history, and participation in alcohol and narcotic anonymous meetings. During this period of time since his last Board Hearing, he completed the Vocational Landscaping and Garden Program on 1/23/03, with skills attained in Maintenance, Nursery Operations, Construction and Turf Management. He earned eight (8) certificates of completion in Vocational Landscaping and Gardening and he is a tile setter by trade. He is presently assigned to the PIA Wood Furniture Factory and has received satisfactory work grades while assigned to the finishing shop. He completed the Impact self-help program on 4/1/03 and has received a certificate for his participation. However, his Central File does not reflect any educational or vocational upgrading experience during this period. Totten states upon his release, and plans to reenter his past union, tile and marble finisher or seek employment with the tile setters union. Totten has a brother that will also offer employment doing asphalt work, which is also with a union. He states that his letters of employment are forthcoming. In review of the life crime, Totten states that his motive for shooting the victim was that he was distraught with her and felt that, monitored visitation with his children was the victim's way of getting back at him for filing for divorce. However, he expresses remorse for the victim, and her family. He states he was feeling suicidal and wanted the victim to "feel sorry for him since he couldn't see his children". Totten indicated that he used poor judgement by confronting the victim with a firearm and chased her down. He states that he had no intentions of killing his ex-wife. He states that he knew nothing about firing the rifle, however admits shooting her. He admits that he used drugs prior to the instant offense, and realizes that his actions caused the victim to endure emotional and physical damage. He indicates that he didn't have the tools in his past to understand and cope with his emotional programs. He states that attending alcohol and narcotics anonymous meetings has enabled him to live according to a higher moral standard. He continued to recognize his need to involve himself in a drug diversion program in order to obtain a sober lifestyle and succeed on parole as a low risk to society. Finally, Totten states that while in prison, he had the opportunity to grow as a human being. He states that he has corrected his life by removing his "defects of character" and replaced those

Motive;  
Remorse

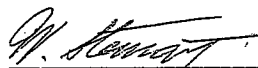
defects with good character traits over the years. He asks for everyone's forgiveness and a change to be a productive member of the community and to continue to make his amends daily. (S)

- B. Prior to release the prisoner could benefit from:
  - 1) Remain disciplinary-free.
  - 2) Participate in self-help and therapy program.
- C. This report is based on an interview with the prisoner on 10/21/03, lasting approximately 1 hour, and a complete review of the Central file lasting 4 hours.
- D. Inmate Totten was afforded an opportunity to examine his Central File on 10/15/03 per a CDC 128B located in the general chrono section of the Central File.
- E. No accommodation was required per the Armstrong vs. Davis BPT Parole Proceedings Remedial Plan (ARP) for effective communication.

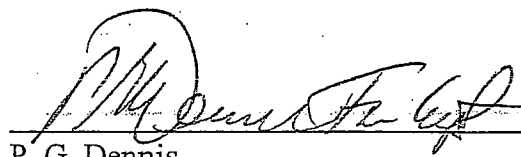


  
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H. Staten  
Correctional Counselor I

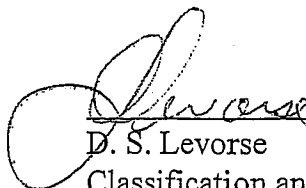
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W. Stewart  
Correctional Counselor II

1/16/04  
Date

  
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P. G. Dennis  
Facility Captain

1-16-04  
Date

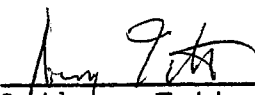
  
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D. S. Levorse  
Classification and Parole Representative

CPR 1-20-04  
Date

P R O O F   O F   S E R V I C E

I, Anthony Totten, on this 14th day of March, 2007, did place in the United States mail the original of my writ of habeas corpus to the Superior Court of California, County of Orange.

Pursuant to Penal Code § 1475, upon issuance of an order to show cause, the respondent must be served "at least 24 hours before the time at which the writ is made returnable," I will immediately serve the Attorney General at 1110 W. "A" Street, #11100, San Diego, CA 92101, or at an address directed by the Court, and send a proof of service to the Court. I, Anthony Totten, so state under penalty of perjury on this 14th day of March, 2007, at Soledad, California.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Anthony Totten  
Petitioner in pro per